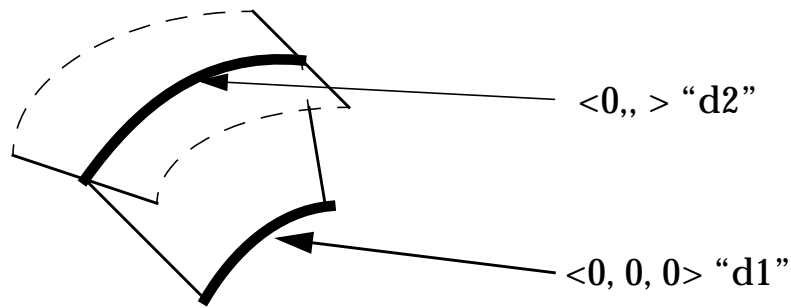

3.0> Ply Representation of a Layup (“fairing”)

This example illustrates the advantages of the ply-based description of the composites model as used by the MSC/PATRAN LAMINATE MODELER. These include intuitive generation of the analysis model, rapid modification of the layup, and consistent visualisation of ply results.

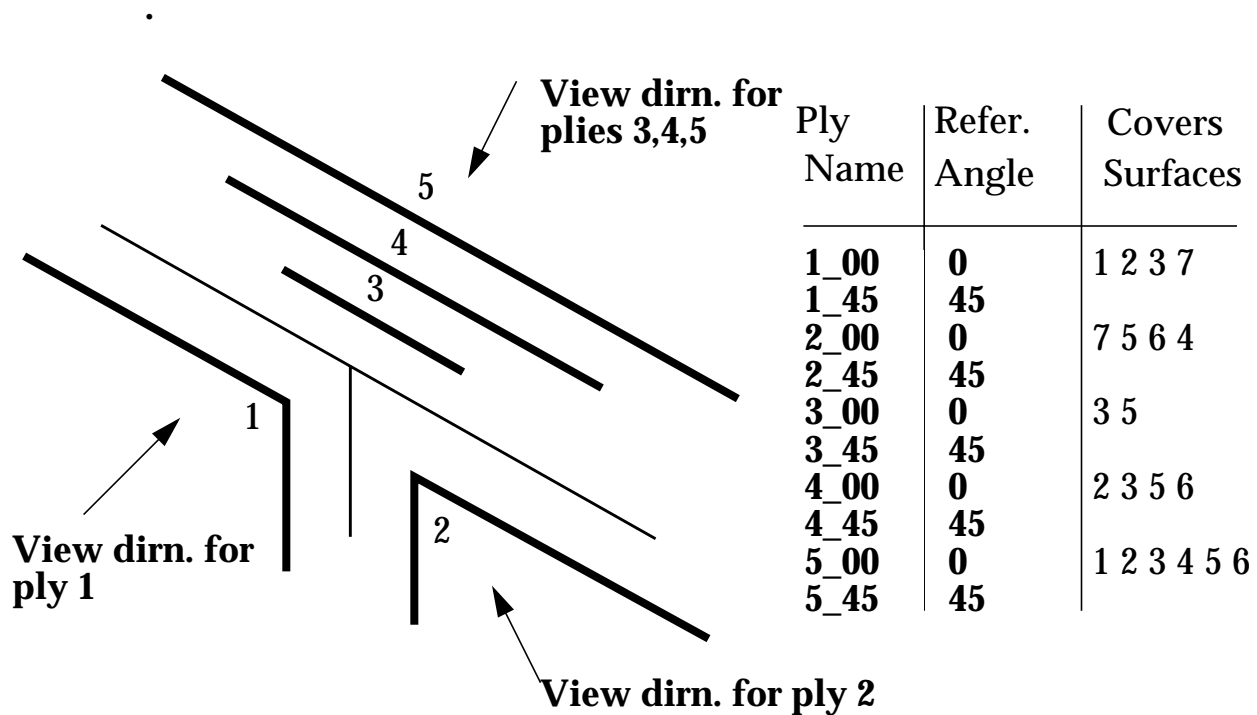
- 1 Open a new database using the default template database.
 - File New...
 - New Database Name : fairing.db
 - Ok
- 2 Generate the geometry and mesh by playing a session file.
 - File Session Play
 - Play from file : fairing_geom.ses
 - Apply
- 3 Apply the loads and boundary conditions.
 - Loads/BCs
 - Create Displacement Nodal
 - New Set Name : d1
 - Input Data...
 - Translations : <0,0,0>
 - Ok
 - Select Application Region...
 - Application Region : Surface 7.3
 - Ok
 - Apply



- Create Displacement Nodal
 - New Set Name : d2
 - Input Data...
 - Translations : $\langle 0, \cdot, \cdot \rangle$
 - Ok
 - Select Application Region...
 - Application Region : Surface 7.1
 - Ok
 - Apply
 - Create Pressure Element Uniform
 - New Set Name : p1
 - Target Element Type : 2D
 - Input Data...
 - Top surf pressure : 0.1
 - Ok
 - Select Application Region...
 - Application Region : Surface 1:6
 - Ok
 - Apply
- 4 Define ply material properties.
- File Session Play...
 - Play from file : materials.ses

- Apply
- 5 Open the LAMINATE MODELER tool.
- Tools LAMINATE MODELER...
 - New Layup File...
 - Layup File Name : fairing.Layup
 - Ok
- 6 Define the LAMINATE MODELER material
- Create LM_Material Add
 - Analysis Material : ud_t300_n5208
 - Thickness : 0.25
 - Apply
- 7 Create the LAMINATE MODELER plies
- First, change the viewing angle by selecting Viewing Angles... from the top menu
 - Model Absolute
 - Angles : -100 -10 40
 - Apply
 - Cancel
 - Create LM_Ply Add
 - LM_Ply Name : 1_00
 - Select LM_Material : SC_Mat_1
 - Start Point : Node 75
 - Reference Direction : Along fairing, e.g. from Node 75 to Node 108
 - Select Area : Surface 1 3 2 7
 - Apply
 - Repeat generation with an offset of 45 deg.
 - Create LM_Ply Add
 - LM_Ply Name : 1_45
 - Reference Angle : 45

- Apply
- Repeat generation for plies 2_00 through 5_45 as described in the Figure below
 - Change the viewing direction as indicated by rotating the model and selecting the start point again. This will reset the view direction into the screen
 - The viewing direction is significant for defining angular rotations and the side on which the ply is added during manufacture



Naming convention: Ply 2_45 is ply2 with a 45 reference angle

- Create the LAMINATE MODELER layup
 - Create LM_Layup Add
 - Layup Definition...
 - Add 8 x ply 1_XX
 - [1_00/1_45/1_00/1_45/1_45/1_00/1_45/1_00]
 - Add 8 x ply 2_XX
 - [2_00/2_45/2_00/2_45/2_45/2_00/2_45/2_00]

- Add 8 x ply 3_XX
 - [3_00/3_45/3_00/3_45/3_45/3_00/3_45/3_00]
 - Add 8 x ply 4_XX
 - [4_00/4_45/4_00/4_45/4_45/4_00/4_45/4_00]
 - Add 8 x ply 5_XX
 - [5_00/5_45/5_00/5_45/5_45/5_00/5_45/5_00]
 - Ok
 - Analysis Model : True
 - Apply
 - Select 2D_Stan. Lam. Plate
 - Accept suggested number of laminates and properties.
- 8 Close the LAMINATE MODELER tool.
- Close
 - Cancel
- 9 Verify that laminate materials and properties have been created.
- 10 Create an analysis input deck.
- Analysis
 - Analyze Entire Model Analysis Deck
 - Subcase Create...
 - Available Subcases : select Default
 - Output Requests...
 - Form Type : Advanced
 - Output Requests : select STRESS
 - Composite Plate Opt : Ply & Elem. Stress
 - Modify
 - Ok
 - Apply
 - Cancel
 - Apply

11 Run the analysis.

- In your Unix shell window, type `nastran fairing.bdf`
- After completion, `mv fairing.op2 to fairing_res.op2`

12 Read in Analysis Results

- Analysis
 - Read Output2 Result Entities Translate
 - Select Results File...
 - Selected Results File : `fairing_res.op2`
 - Ok
 - Apply

13 Open the LAMINATE MODELER tool.

- Tools LAMINATE MODELER...
 - Open Layup File...
 - Layup File Name : `fairing.Layup`
 - Ok
 - Create LM_Results LM_Ply Sort
 - Select Loadcase : Default
 - Select Subcase : Static Subcase
 - Select Layered Result : Stress Tensor
 - Apply

14 Close the LAMINATE MODELER tool.

- Close
- Cancel

15 View Failure Results

- Results
 - Basic
 - Select Result Cases : Default, Static Subcase
 - Select Result : LM_Sort (Margin of Safety)
 - Result Position : Layer 1

- Apply

16 Repeat for Layers 9, 17, 25 and 33. Note that these correspond to the rows of the LM_Layup spreadsheet.

If you have difficulty with this exercise, examine or play the session file `fairing.ses` after opening a new database.