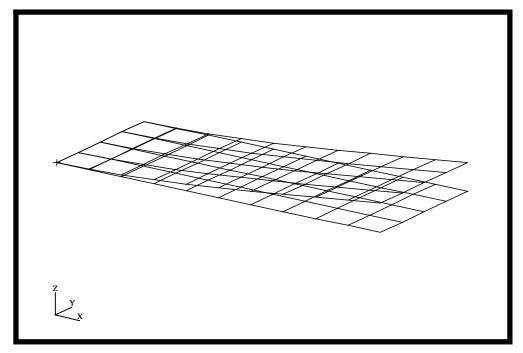
# WORKSHOP PROBLEM 4

# Modal Transient Response Analysis



# **Objectives**

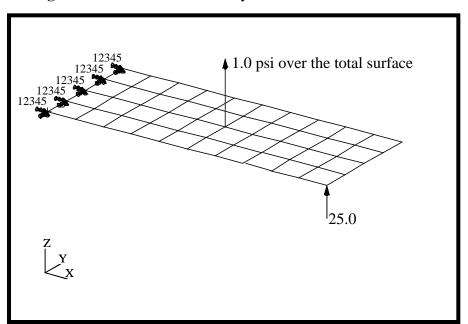
- Create a geometric representation of a flat rectangular plate.
- Use the geometry model to define an analysis model comprised of plate elements.
- Define time-varying excitation.
- Submit the file for analysis in MSC/NASTRAN.
- Compute nodal displacements for desired time domain.

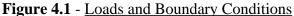
4-2 MSC/NASTRAN for Windows 102 Exercise Workbook

# **Model Description:**

Using the modal method, determine the transient response of the flat rectangular plate, created in Workshop 1, under time-varying excitation. This example structure shall be excited by a 1 psi pressure load over the total surface of the plate varying at 250Hz. In addition, a 25 lb force is applied at a corner of the tip also varying at 250Hz but starting 0.004 seconds after the pressure load begins. Both time-dependent dynamics loads are applied only for the duration of 0.008 seconds only. Use a modal damping of  $\xi = 0.03$  for all nodes. Carry out the analysis for 0.04 seconds.

Below is a finite element representation of the flat plate. It also contains the loads and boundary constraints.





# **Exercise Procedure:**

1. Start up MSC/NASTRAN for Windows 3.0 and begin to create a new model.

Double click on the icon labeled MSC/NASTRAN for Windows V3.0.

On the Open Model File form, select New Model.

Open Model File:

New Model

2. Import **prob1.DAT.** 

#### File/Import/Analysis Model...

• Nastran

MSC/Nastran



Change the directory to **C** : \temp.

File name:

prob1.DAT

Open

When ask, "Ok, to Adjust all massess by PARAM, WTMASS factor of 0.00259?", answer **No**. This information will be entered during analysis.

No

To reset the display of the model do thImport **prob1.DAT.** 

#### **View/Redraw**

**View/Autoscale** 

View/Rotate...

Dimetric

OK

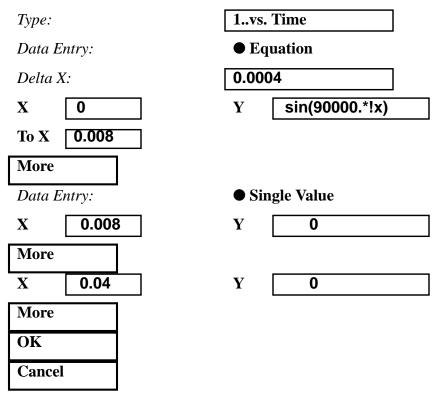
3. Create the time dependent function for the transient response of the pressure loading.

#### Model/Function...

Title:

time\_varying\_pressure

To select the function, click on the list icon next to the databox and select **vs. Time**.



4. Create the time-dependent function for the transient response of the nodal loading with some initial delay.

#### **Model/Function...**

ID:

2 time\_varying\_nodal\_force

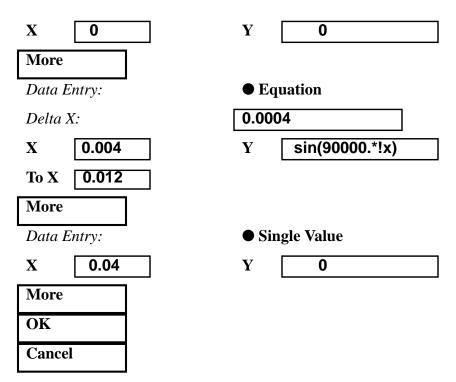
Title:

To select the function, click on the list icon next to the databox and select **vs. Time.** 

Type:

Data Entry:

1vs. Time	
● Single Value	



5. Create the frequency dependent critical damping.

#### **Model/Function...**

ID:

Title:

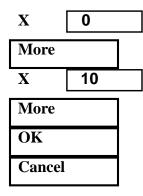
3
Nodal\_damping

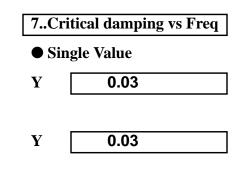
To select the function, click on the list icon next to the databox and select **Critical damping vs. Freq.** 



4-6

Data Entry:





6. Create the modal loading.

Before creating the appropriate loading a load set needs to be created. Do so by performing the following:

#### Model/Load/Set...

Title:

transient\_loading

OK

Now, define the dynamic analysis parameters.

#### Model/Load/Dynamic Analysis...

Solution Method:

Under Equivalent Viscous Damping Modes, select the following:

Modal damping:

3..Nodal\_damping

• Modal Transient

Under Response Based on Modes, input the following:

Number of Modes:

Under Transient Time Step Intervals, input the following:

5

Number of Steps:

*Time per Step:* 

*Output Interval:* 

Advanced...

Mass Formulation:

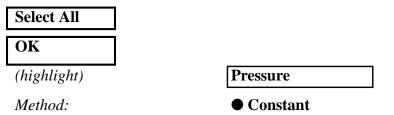
OK	
OK	

100	
4e-4	
1	

• Coupled

7. Now, define the 1 psi time-varying pressure.

#### Model/Load/Elemental...

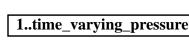


Under *Load*, input the following. To select the Function Dependence, click on the list icon next to the databox and select **time\_varying\_pressure**.

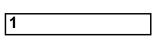
1

Pressure/Value:

Pressure/ Function Dependence:





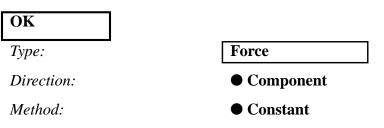


8. Next, create the time varying nodal force under the same dynamic load set previously created.

#### Model/Load/Nodal...

Select Node 11.

Cancel



To select the function dependence, click on the list icon next to the databox and select **time\_varying\_nodal\_force**.

Function Dependence:	2time_varying_nodal_force
FZ	25

MSC/NASTRAN for Windows 102 Exercise Workbook

OK	
Cancel	

9. Create the input file for analysis.

## File/Export/Analysis Model...

Type:

<b>3Transient Dynamic/Time</b>	
History	

OK

Change the directory to  ${\bf C}: \$ 

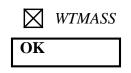
File name:	prob4
Write	
	Run Analysis
Advanced	
Solution Type:	● Modal
Modal Solution Method:	● Lanczos
Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors/ Number Desired:	5
ОК	
Problem ID:	Modal Transient Response
ОК	

Under *Output Requests*, unselect all except:



Type Input
OK
OK

Under PARAM, enter the following:



.00259

10. When asked if you wish to save the model, respond **Yes**.

Yes
File name: prob4
Save

When the MSC/NASTRAN manager is through running, MSC/ NASTRAN will be restored on your screen, and the *Message Review* form will appear. To read the messages, you could select **Show Details**. Since the analysis ran smoothly, we will not bother with the details this time.

#### Continue

11. List the results of the analysis.

To list the displacement results at Node 11, select the following:

#### List/Output/Query...

Output Set:	16Case 16 Time 0.006
Category:	1Displacement
Entity:	● Node
ID:	11
ОК	

#### Repeat this process for all relevant node locations and time steps.

Answer the following questions using the results. The answers are listed at the end of the exercise.

Nodal Displacement at Node 11

Time T3

0.006 = \_\_\_\_\_

0.0092 = \_\_\_\_\_

Nodal Displacement at Node 33

Time T3

0.0068 = \_\_\_\_\_

0.0092	=	
--------	---	--

Nodal Displacement at Node 55

Time T3

0.0068 = \_\_\_\_\_

0.0092	=	
--------	---	--

12. Finally, create the XY plot of the deformed data. First you may want to remove the labels and load and boundary constraint marker.

## View/Options...

Quick Options
Labels Off

Deselect the following:

	Load - Pressure
	Load - Force
	Constraint
Done	
ОК	
Create the XY plot.	
View/Select	
XY Style:	• XY vs Set Value
XY Data	
Category:	0Any Output

MSC/NASTRAN for Windows 102 Exercise Workbook 4-11



OK

OK

Output Set:

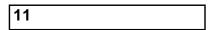
**Output Vector:** 

*Output Location/ Node:* 

0Value or Magnit	ude
------------------	-----

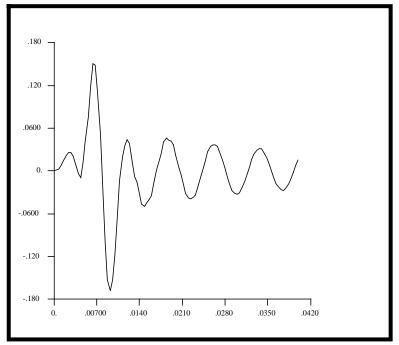
1..MSC/NASTRAN Case 1

4...**T3** Translation



The output should look similar to Figure 4.2.





To unpost the XY plot.

View/Select...

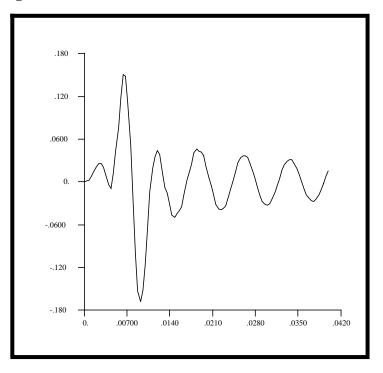
Model Style:

Draw Model

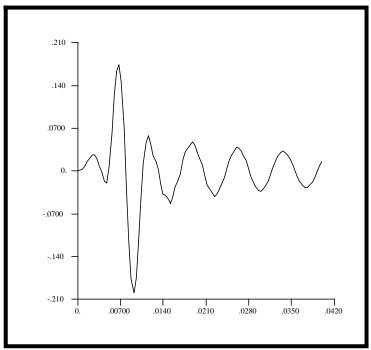
OK

Now repeat this process to generate the XY plots of T3 displacement at Node 33 and 55. The output of Node 33 and 55 should look similar to Figure 4.3 and 4.4 on the following page.

Figure 4.3







When finished, exit MSC/NASTRAN for Windows.

#### file/Exit

This concludes this exercise.

Nodal Displacement at Node .	
Time	Т3
0.0068	0.173
0.0092	-0.201

## Nodal Displacement at Node 55

Time	Т3
0.0068	0.161
0.0052	0.022

Nodal Displacement at Node 33

Time	T3
0.006	0.118
0.0092	-0.169

## Nodal Displacement at Node 11